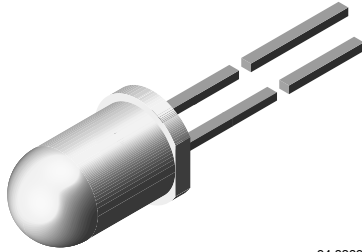


# High Power Infrared Emitting Diode, 940 nm, GaAlAs/GaAs



94 8389

## DESCRIPTION

TSAL7300 is an infrared, 940 nm emitting diode in GaAlAs/GaAs technology with high radiant power molded in a clear, untinted plastic package.

## FEATURES

- Package type: leaded
- Package form: T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$
- Dimensions (in mm):  $\varnothing$  5
- Peak wavelength:  $\lambda_p = 940$  nm
- High reliability
- High radiant power
- High radiant intensity
- Angle of half intensity:  $\varphi = \pm 22^\circ$
- Low forward voltage
- Suitable for high pulse current operation
- Good spectral matching with Si photodetectors
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC and in accordance to WEEE 2002/96/EC



**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
**GREEN**  
(5-2008)\*\*

## Note

\*\* Please see document "Vishay Material Category Policy":  
[www.vishay.com/doc?99902](http://www.vishay.com/doc?99902)

## APPLICATIONS

- Infrared remote control units with high power requirements
- Free air transmission systems
- Infrared source for optical counters and card readers

## PRODUCT SUMMARY

COMPONENT	$I_e$ (mW/sr)	$\varphi$ (deg)	$\lambda_p$ (nm)	$t_r$ (ns)
TSAL7300	45	$\pm 22$	940	800

## Note

- Test conditions see table "Basic Characteristics"

## ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	REMARKS	PACKAGE FORM
TSAL7300	Bulk	MOQ: 4000 pcs, 4000 pcs/bulk	T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$

## Note

- MOQ: minimum order quantity

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	5	V
Forward current		$I_F$	100	mA
Peak forward current	$t_p/T = 0.5$ , $t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	$I_{FM}$	200	mA
Surge forward current	$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	$I_{FSM}$	1.5	A
Power dissipation		$P_V$	160	mW
Junction temperature		$T_j$	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature range		$T_{amb}$	- 40 to + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	- 40 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5$ s, 2 mm from case	$T_{sd}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal resistance junction/ambient	J-STD-051, leads 7 mm soldered on PCB	$R_{thJA}$	230	K/W

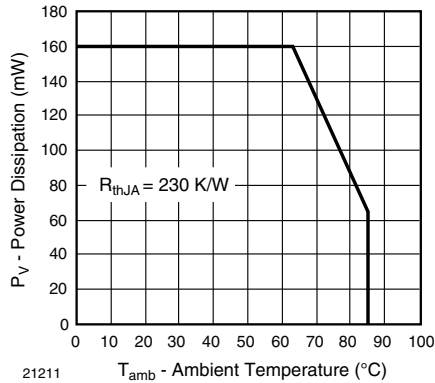


Fig. 1 - Power Dissipation Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

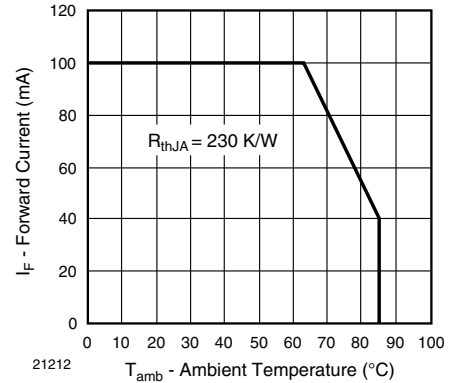


Fig. 2 - Forward Current Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

<b>BASIC CHARACTERISTICS</b> ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward voltage	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ , $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	$V_F$		1.35	1.6	V
	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	$V_F$		2.6	3	V
Temperature coefficient of $V_F$	$I_F = 1\text{ mA}$	$TK_{V_F}$		-1.8		mV/K
Reverse current	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$	$I_R$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $E = 0$	$C_j$		25		pF
Radiant intensity	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ , $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	$I_e$	30	45	150	mW/sr
	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$ , $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	$I_e$	260	350		mW/sr
Radiant power	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ , $t_p = 20\text{ ms}$	$\phi_e$		35		mW
Temperature coefficient of $\phi_e$	$I_F = 20\text{ mA}$	$TK_{\phi_e}$		-0.6		%/K
Angle of half intensity		$\phi$		$\pm 22$		deg
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$\lambda_p$		940		nm
Spectral bandwidth	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$		50		nm
Temperature coefficient of $\lambda_p$	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$TK_{\lambda_p}$		0.2		nm/K
Rise time	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$t_r$		800		ns
	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$	$t_r$		500		ns
Fall time	$I_F = 100\text{ mA}$	$t_f$		800		ns
	$I_F = 1\text{ A}$	$t_f$		500		ns
Virtual source diameter	Method: 63 % encircled energy	$d$		2.3		mm

**BASIC CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

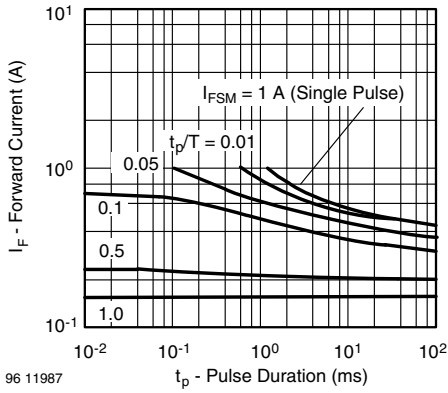


Fig. 3 - Pulse Forward Current vs. Pulse Duration

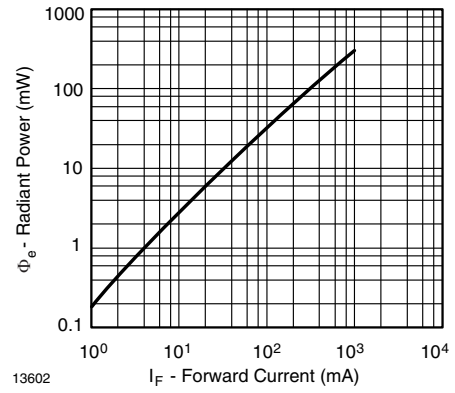


Fig. 6 - Radiant Power vs. Forward Current

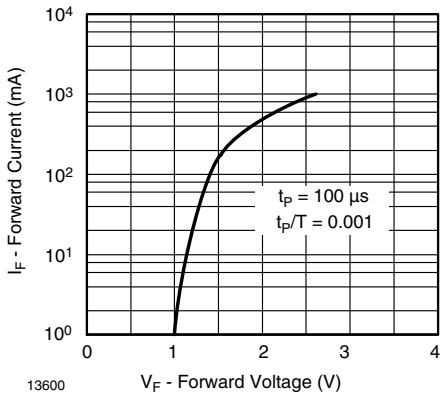


Fig. 4 - Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

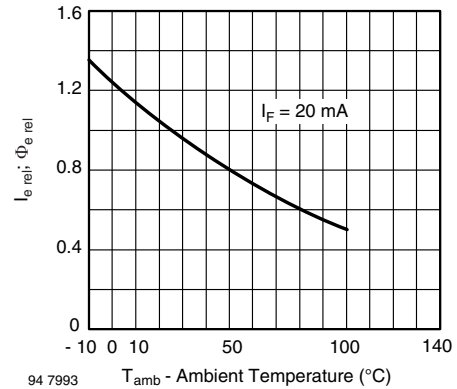


Fig. 7 - Relative Radiant Intensity/Power vs. Ambient Temperature

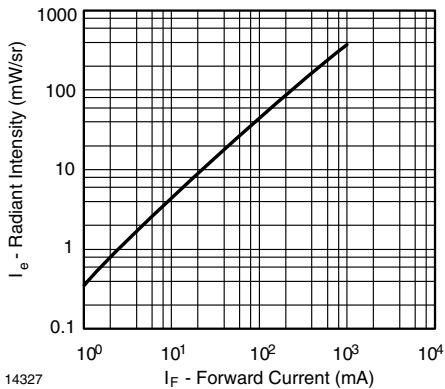


Fig. 5 - Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current

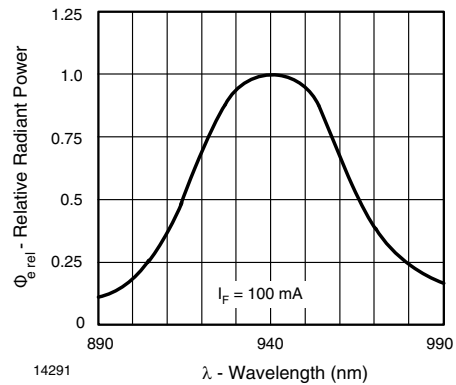


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Power vs. Wavelength

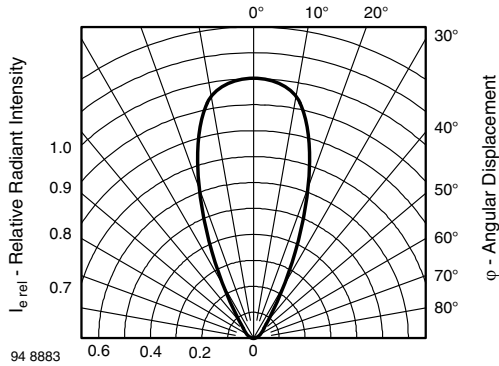
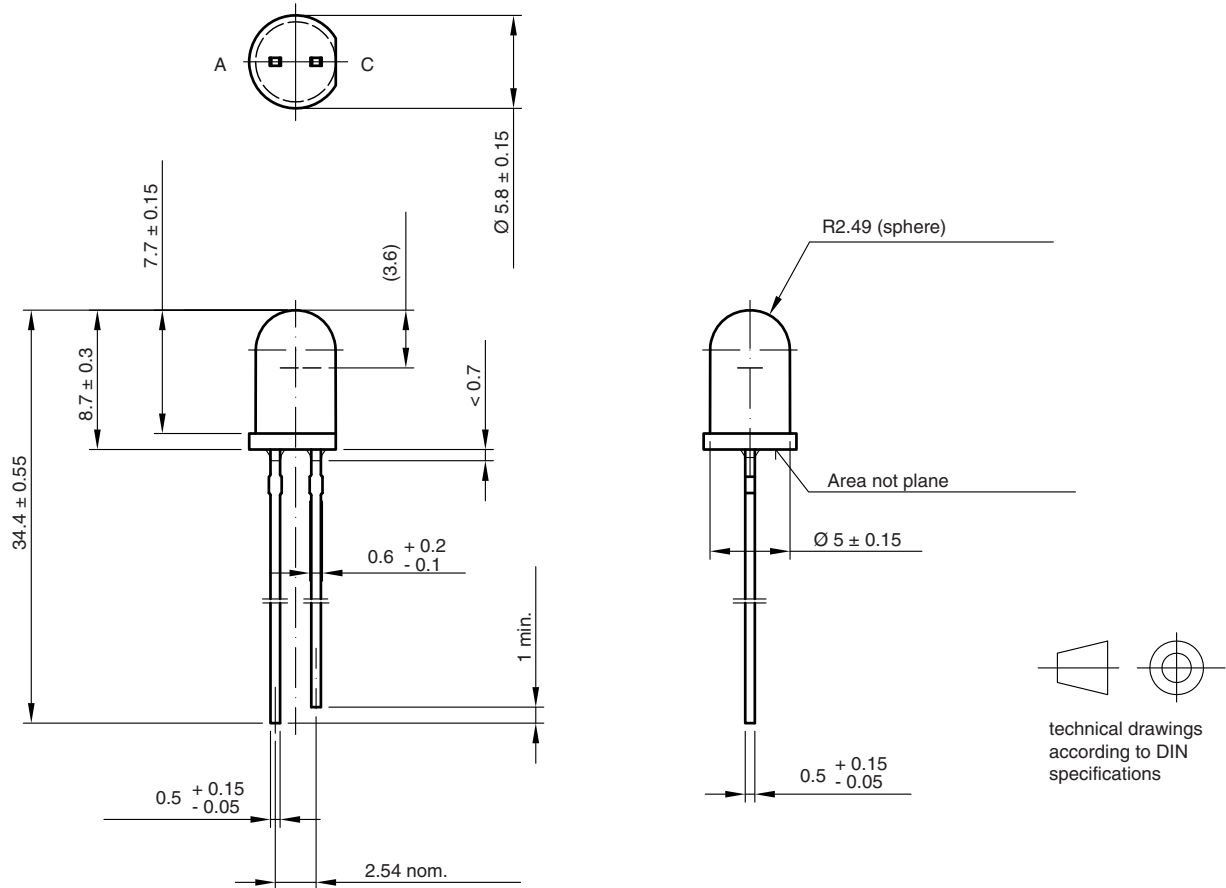


Fig. 9 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters



6.544-5259.05-4  
 Issue: 8; 19.05.09  
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